Power of Water Grade 4 Teacher's Guide



Lake Erie Nature & Science Center

Description

In this wet, wild, inquiry-based field trip students will investigate how Earth's surface has been shaped by water. Students will get their hands wet using stream tables to create their own landforms. Available in selected weeks in January and early February.

Length: 90 minutes -2 hours. Adult chaperones recommended: 5

Content Standards

Subject	Gr	Standard	Objective/"I can" Statements
Earth/Space Science	4	 Earth's surface has specific characteristics and landforms that can be identified The surface of Earth changes due to weathering The surface of Earth changes due to erosion and deposition 	 I can explain how weathered materials move through the process called erosion. I can identify the factors that affect erosion and deposition. I can compare and contrast erosion and deposition. I can explain how Earth's surface wears away through the process of weathering. I can recognize the factors that cause weathering.

Pre-Trip Activities at School

Vocabulary			
basin	oxbow lake		
channel	particle		
delta	peninsula		
deposition	plunge pool		
erosion	sediment		
flow rate	streambed		
meander	substrate		
landform	undercutting		
volume			

Books

- Erosion: Changing Earth's Surface by Koontz. Picture Window Books, 2007.
- Rivers by Llewellyn & Feldman. Kingfisher, 2014.
- U.S. Landforms by Dana Meachen. Scholastic, 2012.
- Weathering and Erosion and the Rock Cycle by Joanne Mattern. Rosen Publishing Group, 2006.

Other Activities

- Investigate human vs. natural causes of erosion. (Natural: wind & water; Human: agricultural and construction practices).
- Investigate Ohio landforms.

Post-Trip Activities at School

Look at Ohio landforms that were created by liquid water vs. ice and glaciers.

Extension Activities

- Use Landsat data to research and locate a specific landform that formed through erosion or deposition.
- Read: Out of the Dust by Karen Hesse. Great Source, 2009.